ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



8 WEST WAY COURT LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS



Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

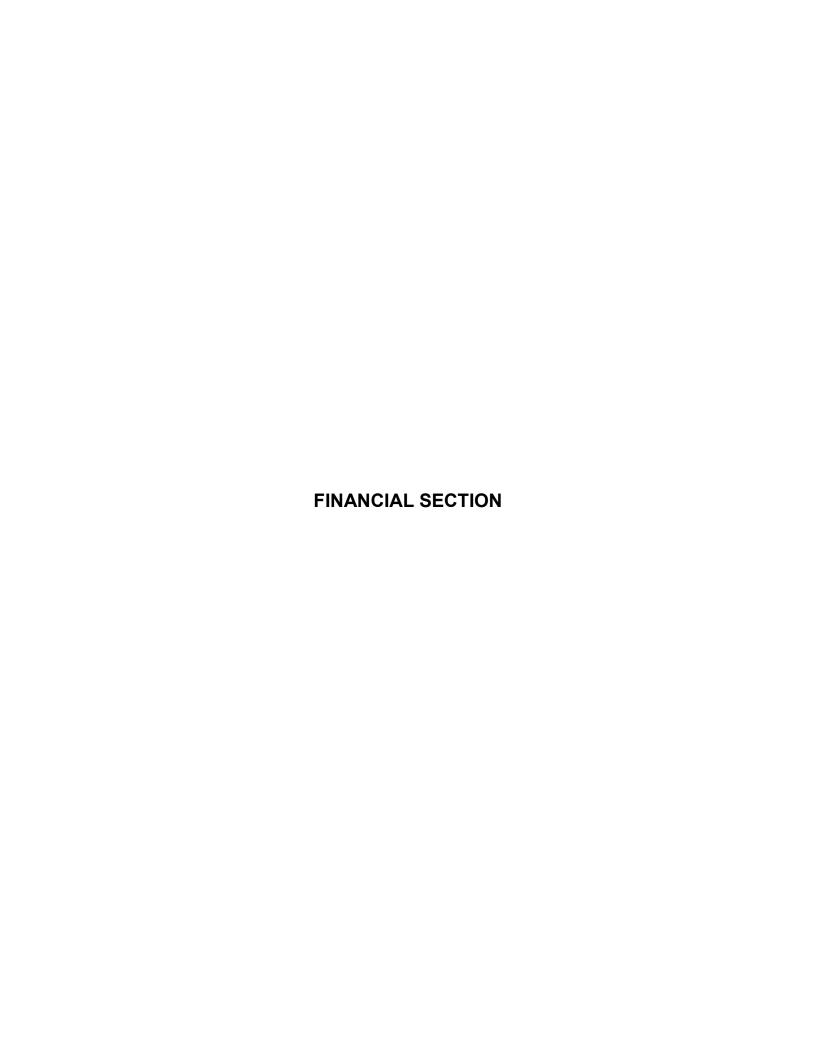
Table of Contents

	Table of Contents	_
Exhibit		Page
Number	-	<u>Number</u>
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditor's Report	7-9
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	11-15
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	18
	Statement of Activities	19
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet - General Fund	22
	Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet to the	
	Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	23
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -	
	General Fund	24
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in	
	Fund Balance of the General Fund to the Governmental Activities	
	Statement of Activities	25
	Notes to the Financial Statements	28-51
	Required Supplemental Information	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	55
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios	56-57
	Schedule of Employer Contributions	59
	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	60-61
	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	62
	Information Required by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	
TSI-1	Services and Rates	64
TSI-2	General Fund Expenditures	65
TSI-3	Temporary Investments.	66
TSI-4	Taxes Levied and Receivable	67
TSI-7	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund -	51
	Five Years	68-69
TSI-8	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	70-71
	, ,	

The following schedules were not applicable to Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1:

- TSI-5 Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
- TSI-6 Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 Bay City, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of the Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Directors Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas April 23, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

As directors of the Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider this information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 6,156,170 (net position). Of this total amount, \$ 3,604,200 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors within the District's fund designation.
- The District's total net position increased by \$ 347,142.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$ 4,372,062 or 240.74% of the total general fund expenditures. The amount of \$ 3,943,538 (unassigned fund balance) is available for use within the District's fund designation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no business-type activities and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The *governmental activities* of the District include general government and administration and drainage.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 19 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has only one major fund, which is the general fund, and is reported as a governmental fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike
the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current
sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available
at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's nearterm financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 51 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget and actual schedule for the general fund and the required pension and OPEB schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 55 through 62 of this report.

In addition, this report also presents supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environment Quality, which can be found on pages 64 through 71 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 6,156,170 as of December 31, 2023. Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$ 347,142 from \$ 5,809,028 to \$ 6,156,170.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The District's Net Position

2023	2022
\$ 6,316,688 2,440,113	\$ 6,172,168 2,457,579
<u>8,756,801</u>	8,629,747
<u>136,675</u>	137,961
13,905 596,559 610,464 2,126,842	39,716 572,063 611,779 2,346,901
2,440,113 111,857 3,604,200 \$6,156,170	2,457,579 83,771 3,267,678 \$5,809,028
	\$ 6,316,688 2,440,113 8,756,801 136,675 13,905 596,559 610,464 2,126,842 2,440,113 111,857 3,604,200

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$ 347,142. Total revenues for governmental activities amounted to \$ 2,109,939, of which property taxes amounted to 85.10%. The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The District's Changes in Net Position

D		2023		2022
Revenues: Taxes Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous	\$	1,795,662 189,752 124,525	\$ (1,730,481 248,051) 71,727
Total revenues	_	2,109,939	_	1,554,157
Expenses: Drainage:				
Personnel		453,836		436,075
Professional fees		131,284		115,379
Contracted services		508,601		555,173
Utilities		10,544		9,142
Repairs and maintenance		405,160		373,254
Operating costs		64,481		88,133
Administrative costs	_	<u> 188,891</u>		292,098
Total expenses	_	1,762,797		1,869,254
Change in net position		347,142	(315,097)
Net position - beginning Net position - ending	\$ <u></u>	5,809,028 6,156,170	\$	6,124,125 5,809,028
	12			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$4,372,062. 90.20% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance and 9.80% of this amount constitutes nonspendable fund balance for prepaid expenditures and inventories.

The governmental fund balance increased by \$ 280,425 primarily due to investment income.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District did amend the budget in the year ending December 31, 2023. Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$ 253,228, due to investment income and miscellaneous revenue. Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$ 27,197, primarily due to a reduction of contracted services expected from the budget.

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$ 2,440,113 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, equipment, buildings and bridges.

Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		2023		2022
Land	\$	48,600	\$	48,600
Equipment		514,053		586,453
Buildings		436,752		448,245
Bridges	_	1,440,708	_	1,374,281
Total	\$	2,440,113	\$_	2,457,579

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on page 39.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Debt Administration. At the end of the current year, the District had total long-term debt of \$ 596,659. The District's long-term debt included compensated absences and total OPEB liability.

Debt Administration

	 2023	 2022
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability	\$ 23,835 572,724	\$ 21,106 550,957
Total	\$ 596,559	\$ 572,063

Additional information on the District's debt administration can be found in Note 6 on page 40.

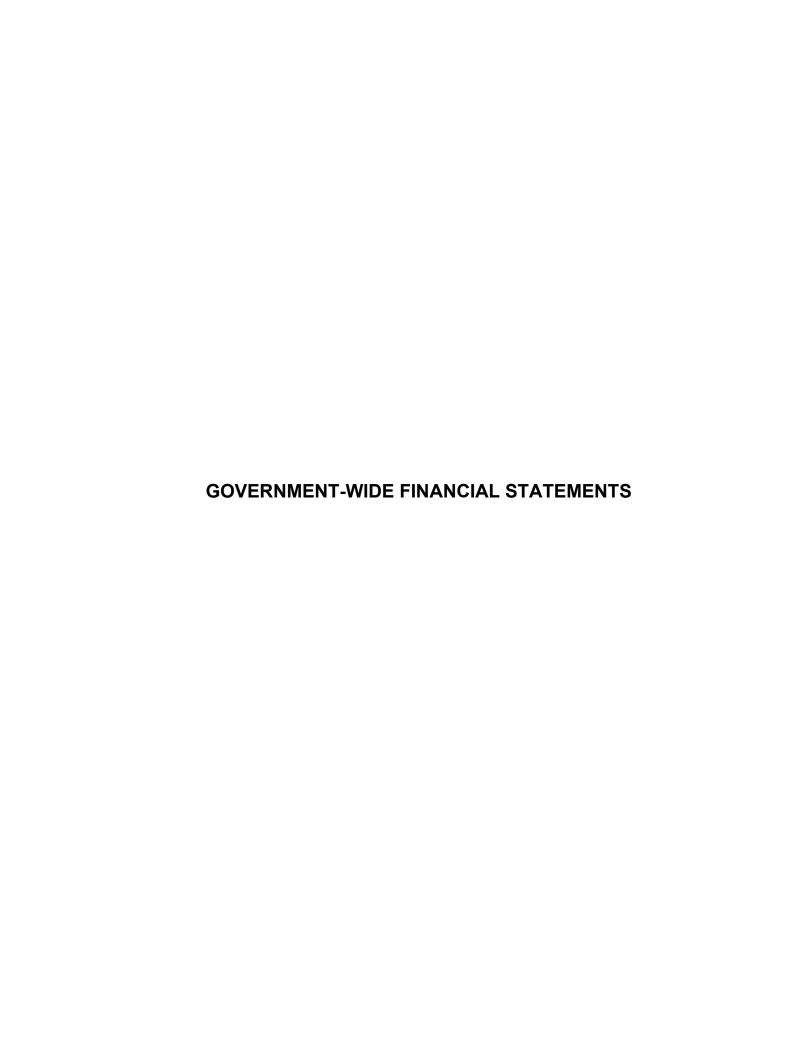
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's 2024 budget was adopted at \$ 1,874,822, an increase of \$ 31,544 from the 2023 original budget. The tax rate of \$ 0.034470 for each \$ 100 was set for 2024 operations.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Board of Directors, P.O. Box 834, Bay City, Texas, 77404-0834.





Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

		Total vernmental Activities
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	978,099 3,035,482
Receivables, Net: Taxes Due from other governments Accrued interest Inventories Prepaid expenses Net pension asset Capital Assets:		1,663,118 154,414 6,352 421,805 6,719 50,699
Land Equipment, net Buildings, net Bridges, net		48,600 514,053 436,752 1,440,708
Total assets	_	8,756,801
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources	_	136,67 <u>5</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	136,675
Liabilities: Accounts payable Employee benefit payable Noncurrent Liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year: Total OPEB liability		13,797 108 23,835 572,724
Total liabilities		610,464
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources		2,126,842
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,126,842
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted For: Pensions Unrestricted	_	2,440,113 111,857 3,604,200
Total net position	\$ <u></u>	6,156,170

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Re and 0 <u>in Net</u> T	Expense) venue Changes Position otal
		rnmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses Act	ivities
Governmental Activities:		
Drainage:		
Personnel	\$ 453,836 \$(453,836)
Professional fees	131,284 (131,284)
Contracted services	508,601 (508,601)
Utilities	10,544 (10,544)
Repairs and maintenance	405,160 (405,160)
Operating costs	64,481 (64,481)
Administrative costs	<u> 188,891</u> (188,891)
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>1,762,797</u> (<u>1</u>	<u>,762,797</u>)
General Revenues:		
Taxes	1	,795,662
Investment income	'	189,752
Miscellaneous		109,732 124,525
Wiscellarieous		124,323
Total general revenues	2	,109,939
Change in net position		347,142
Net position - beginning	5	,809,028
Net position - ending	\$ <u> 6</u>	<u>,156,170</u>





Balance Sheet - General Fund December 31, 2023

	General Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$ 978,099 3,035,482
Taxes Due from other governments Accrued interest Inventories Prepaid expenditures	1,663,118 154,414 6,352 421,805 <u>6,719</u>
Total assets	\$6,265,989
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:	
Accounts payable Employee benefit payable	\$ 13,797 108
Total liabilities	13,905
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	1,880,022
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,880,022
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Unassigned	428,524 3,943,538
Total fund balance	4,372,062
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ <u>6,265,989</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total fund balance - general fund balance sheet	\$	4,372,062
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 5,073,621 in assets less \$ 2,633,508 in accumulated depreciation.		2,440,113
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Deferred property tax revenues for the general fund amounted to \$ 76,787.		76,787
Pension deferred outflows and inflows of resources of \$ 125,483 less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 64,325.		61,158
OPEB deferred outflows and inflows of resources of \$ 11,192, less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 259,282.	(248,090)
Payables for compensated absences are not reported in the funds.	(23,835)
Payables for total OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	(572,724)
Net pension asset is not reported in the funds.		50,699
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position	\$_	6,156,170

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

D.	General Fund
Revenues:	Ф. 4.700.000
Taxes	\$ 1,782,229
Investment income	189,752
Miscellaneous	<u>124,525</u>
Total revenues	2,096,506
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Personnel	524,586
Professional fees	131,284
Contracted services	508,601
Utilities	10,544
Repairs and maintenance	405,160
Operating costs	64,481
Administrative costs	57,483
Capital Outlay	113,942
Total expenditures	1,816,081
Change in fund balance	280,425
Fund balance - beginning	4,091,637
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>4,372,062</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance of General Fund to Governmental Activities Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Change in fund balance - general fund	\$	280,425
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation of \$ 131,408 exceeded capital outlay of \$ 113,942 in the current period.	(17,466)
Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the fund. Deferred property tax revenues for the governmental fund increased by \$ 13,433.		13,433
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The is the amount of change in compensated absences.	(2,729)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the amount of change related to the total OPEB liability.		45,393
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the amount of change related to the net pension asset.	_	28,086
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	347,142

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note		Page
1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	28
2.	New Pronouncements	34
3.	Deposits and Investments	34
4.	Receivables, Uncollectible Accounts, Deferred Inflows/outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues	38
5.	Capital Assets	39
6.	Long-Term Liabilities	40
7.	Texas County and District Retirement System Pension Plan	41
8.	Health Care Coverage	48
9.	Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)	48
10.	Risk Management	51
11.	Evaluation of Subsequent Events	51

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Matagorda County Drainage District No.1 (the "District") was created by election in open court in October 1907 by two-third majority of commissioners Court as authorized by Section 52 of Article III, as broadened by Section 59 of Article XVI of the Texas Constitution. The District operates under Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable).

Reporting Entity

The Board of the District is elected by the public; has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers; significantly influence operations; and has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The *governmental activities* are supported by tax revenue. The District has no *business-type activities* that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program. The District had no program revenues during the tax year ended December 31, 2023. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The District does not have any fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's only fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District. The major revenue source includes local property taxes and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District.

Budgetary data

The original annual appropriated budget is adopted by the Board of Directors in August of the preceding year. Expenses are budgeted substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Tax collections are budgeted based upon 100% of the tax levied in October of the year preceding the budget year (i.e. 2023 budgeted tax revenue is based upon the October, 2022 tax levy). Accordingly, there is no material difference between the financial reporting and budget basis of accounting.

Once the budget is adopted, expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations at the fund level without approval of a majority of the Board. Line items may exceed appropriated amounts at the discretion of management as long as total expenditures for the fund do not exceed appropriated amounts. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year.

Encumbrance Accounting

The District does not employ a complete purchase order system for all expenditures and therefore does not utilize encumbrance accounting. Appropriations generally lapse at the end of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Cash and Investments

The District considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, investments are reported at fair value. Fair values are based on published market rates. Current investments have an original maturity greater than three months but less than one year at the time of purchase. Non-current investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Matagorda County Appraisal District (MCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. MCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years. Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the MCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The assessed value of the property tax roll on October 1, 2023, upon which the levy for the 2024 year was based, was \$ 5,231,937,815. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 20 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs

The tax rates assessed for the year ended December 31, 2023, to finance general fund operations was \$ 0.03447 per \$ 100 valuation.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had collected \$ 216,958 of the 2023 levy (levied October 1, 2023), which is deferred and set aside for 2024 operations. Additionally, property taxes receivable of \$ 1,586,277 and \$ 120,741 from the 2023 levy and prior year levies, respectively, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$ 43,900. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory. Under this method, inventory is considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in the government-wide financial statements and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, equipment, buildings and bridges, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statement. The District started capitalizing expenditures beginning during the year ended December 31, 2004. Capital assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004 have not been reported. The District chose not to capitalize any assets before that time period. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives			
Equipment	10-30			
Buildings	25			
Bridges	15-50			

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay and compensated time benefits. There is no liability for accumulated sign leave since the District does not have a policy to pay these amounts when employees separate from service. All vacation and compensated time off pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of an employee resignation or retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Pension Plans

The fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Fund Balance

The Board of Directors meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The District's Unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the Board. Fund Balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the Board of Directors. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the Board. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board has delegated authority to the Directors. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

Restricted Fund Balance - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions enabling legislation).

Committed Fund Balance - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal resolution by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by a director if authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all government funds with positive balances.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

As of December 31, 2023, nonspendable fund balance related to prepaid expenditures and inventories includes \$ 6,719 and \$ 421,805, respectively, and unassigned fund balance includes \$ 3,943,538 in the general fund.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Restricted net position, as presented in the government-wide statement of net position, is reported when constraints placed on the use of net position are either 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has restricted net position for the year ended December 31, 2023 of \$ 111,857 related to pensions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 2. NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022" was issued in April 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and cash equivalents, current investments, and non-current investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose an investment is considered a cash equivalent if when purchased it has maturity of three months or less. Investments are classified as either current investments or non-current investments. Current investments have maturity of one year or less and non-current investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Cash and cash equivalents, current investments, and non-current investments as reported on the statement of net position at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents:	Total
Financial Institution Deposits: Demand deposits Local Government Investment Pool: Texas CLASS Government	\$ 825,312
	152,787
Total cash and cash equivalents	978,099
Investments: Certificates of deposit Agency securities	1,170,072 1,865,410
Total investments	3,035,482
Total cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>4,013,581</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to them. The District requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

Under Texas state law, a bank serving as the District's depository must have a bond or in lieu thereof, deposited or pledged securities with the District or an independent third party agent, an amount equal to the highest daily balance of all deposits the District may have during the term of the depository contract, less any applicable FDIC insurance.

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's cash, savings, and time deposits was \$1,995,384. The financial institutions balances were \$2,021,332 at December 31, 2023. Bank balances of \$1,420,072 were covered by federal depository insurance and \$601,260 were covered by securities pledges in the District's name.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the District to invest its funds in areas that primarily emphasizes the safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. The District's investment compliance requirements and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The District believes it has complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the TCEQ.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

The District invests in Texas CLASS Government to provide its liquidity needs. Texas CLASS Government is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Texas CLASS Government is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas CLASS Government is rated AAA and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At December 31, 2023 Texas CLASS Government had a weighted average maturity of 21 days. Although Texas CLASS Government portfolios had a weighted average maturity of 21 days, the District considers holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Interest <u>Rate</u>	F	air Value	Weighted Avg. Maturity (Days)
Texas CLASS Government Certificates of deposit Agency securities	Varies Varies Varies	\$	152,787 1,170,072 1,865,410	21 519 853
		\$	3,188,269	691

Credit Risk - As of December 31, 2023, the local government investment pool (which represents 4.79% of the investment portfolio) is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's or AAA by Fitch. The agency securities (which represent 58.51% of the investment portfolio) are rated Aaa, are fully insured, registered, or the District's agent holds securities in the District's name; therefore, the District is not exposed to credit risk. The certificates of deposit (which represent 36.70% of the investment portfolio) are fully covered by the FDIC.

Interest Rate Risk - The District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. District policy will be that the maximum allowable stated maturity of an individual investment for operating funds shall not exceed five years, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the District's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Agency securities	\$ <u>1,865,410</u>	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>1,865,410</u>
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u>1,865,410</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>1,865,410</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of December 31, 2023, for the District's general fund, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>
Receivables:	
Taxes	\$ 1,707,018
Accrued interest	6,352
Due from other governments	<u> 154,414</u>
Gross receivables	1,867,784
Less: Allowance for uncollectible	43,900
Net total receivables	\$ <u>1,823,884</u>

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds defer the recognition of revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period and report these amounts as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2023, the deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Current property taxes collected (October 1, 2023 Levy) Current property taxes receivable (October 1, 2023 Levy) Delinquent property taxes receivable (October 1, 2022 and prior)	\$ 216,958 1,586,277 <u>76,787</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources from governmental funds	\$1,880,022

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues - Continued

Governmental activities defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. As of December 31, 2023, deferred inflows/outflows of resources reported on the governmental activities were as follows:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	I	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Current property taxes collected (October 1, 2023 Levy)	\$	-	\$	216,958
Current property taxes receivable (October 1, 2023 Levy)		-		1,586,277
Differences between expected and actual experience - pension		4,414		64,325
Changes in assumptions - pension		35,732		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings - pension		43,795		-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement - pension		41,542		-
Differences between expected and actual experience - OPEB		2,790		141,571
Changes in assumptions - OPEB		8,402	_	117,711
Total deferred outflows/inflows of resources from				
governmental activities	\$	<u>136,675</u>	\$_	2,126,842

As of December 31, 2023, there were no unearned revenues reported.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2023
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 48,600	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	\$48,600
Total capital assets not being depreciated	48,600	_	=	48,600
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Equipment	1,505,657	-	-	1,505,657
Buildings	574,676	-	-	574,676
Bridges	2,830,746	113,942		2,944,688
Total capital assets being depreciated	l <u>4,911,079</u>	113,942	_	5,025,021

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Accumulated Depresiation	Balance January 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2023
Accumulated Depreciation: Equipment Buildings Bridges	\$ 919,204 126,431 	\$ 72,400 11,493 47,515	\$ - - -	\$ 991,604 137,924 1,503,980
Total accumulated depreciation	2,502,100	131,408		2,633,508
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,408,979	(17,466)	·	2,391,513
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,457,579</u>	\$ <u>(17,466</u>)	\$	\$ <u>2,440,113</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Drainage	\$ 131,408
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 131,408

See Note 1 for additional information regarding capital assets.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities from which general funds will be used to liquidate include compensated absences and post-employment health insurance benefits as follows:

		Balance 01-01-23		ncreases)ecreases_		Balance 12-31-23		Amounts Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Compensated absences Total OPEB liability	\$	21,106 550,957	\$_	15,650 41,767	\$_	12,921 20,000	\$_	23,835 572,724	\$_	23,835
Total governmental activities	\$_	572,063	\$_	57,417	\$_	32,921	\$_	596,559	\$_	23,835

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The District provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 850 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the District are required to participate in TCDRS.

The plan provisions are adopted by the Board of Directors of the District, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the District were as follows:

	Plan Year 2022	Plan Year 2022
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	11.80%	11.80%
Matching ratio (District to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/8, 0/30	60/8, 0/30

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active employees	6
	q

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Employees of the District were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The District's required contribution rates of 11.11% and 11.20% in calendar years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The District's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$41,542.

Net Pension Asset - The District's Net Pension Asset was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 0.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2022 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the District.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the District. This information may also be found in the Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 December 31, 2022 Summary Valuation Report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.50% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 7.50% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entryage group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.50% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.70% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	0.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Geometric

			Real Rate of Return (Expected
		Target	minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation(1)	Inflation)(2)
LIC Favilian	Day James II C. Tatal Charle Market Index	44 E00/	4.050/
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan		
Ç	TR USD Index	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities	S	
	Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index	+ 33%	
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index(4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity	v &	
4 9	Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
	of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.20%
25.2q5to	22 22, 2101 1100001,	00/0	0.2070

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2023 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.30%, per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Plan Pension Fiduciary			N	et Pension	
		Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		Asset (a)-(b)	
		<u>(u)</u>	-	(5)		(a)-(b)	
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	1,567,043	\$	1,765,936	\$(198,893)	
Changes for the Year:							
Service cost		61,762		-		61,762	
Interest on total pension liability (1)		122,499		-		122,499	
Effect of plan changes (2)		-		-		-	
Effect of economic/demographic	,	00 470)			,	00 450)	
gains or losses	(69,453)		-	(69,453)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-	
Refunds of contributions		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Employer contributions		-		42,561	(42,561)	
Member contributions		-	,	25,248	(25,248)	
Net investment income		<u>-</u>	(106,355)		106,355	
Benefit payment,	(34,597)	(34,597)		_	
Administrative expense		-	(995)	١.	995	
Other changes ⁽³⁾	_	-		6,155	(_	<u>6,155</u>)	
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	1,647,254	\$	1,697,953	\$ <u>(</u> _	50,699)	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

		Decrease In scount Rate (6.60%)		Discount Rate (7.60%)		1% Increase In Discount Rate (8.60%)	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	1,842,597 1,697,953	\$	1,647,254 1,697,953	\$	1,477,545 1,697,953	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	144,644	\$ <u>(</u>	50,699)	\$(_	220,408)	

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 7. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-22
Service cost	\$ 61,762
Interest on total pension liability (1)	122,499
Administrative expenses	995
Member contributions	(25,248)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(135,642)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	,
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(27,491)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	17,062
Recognition of investment gains or losses	5,674
Other (2)	<u>(6,155</u>)
Pension expense	\$ <u>13,456</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	4,414	\$	64,325
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		35,732		-
Changes in assumptions		43,795		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (3)		41,542	_	
Totals	\$	125,483	\$_	64,325

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		
2024	\$ (18,168)
2025	·	6,936
2026	(3,664)
2027	·	34,512
2028		-
Thereafter (4)		-

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 8. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

The District's employees were covered by a health insurance plan by joining together with Matagorda County in their self-insurance pool under an interlocal agreement. The pool is treated as an internal service fund of Matagorda County and is administered by Texas Association of Health Employee Benefits, a third party administrator acting on behalf of the self-funded pool. The plan is authorized by Chapter 172 of the Local Government Code and is documented by contractual agreement between Matagorda County and TAX HEBP. The District contributed \$58,320 for active employees and \$20,000 for retirees to Matagorda County for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The agreement between the County and HEBP renews automatically annually for an additional one-year term without the necessity of any action by the parties other than payment of the appropriate premium or contribution. Either party may elect not to renew the agreement by giving written notice at least thirty days prior to the end of the original term or any renewal term. HEBP purchased specific stop-loss coverage of \$ 100,000, with an aggregate attachment factor based on the number of employees, from Texas Association of Counties, Health and Benefit Pool/Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas. The contract is renewable October 1, 2023, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions. Each member, to the extent its benefit plan is self-insured, remains responsible for the payment of benefits under the benefit plan in the event HEBP fails to make such payments. The pool has claims that are probable but not reasonably estimable for Drainage District No. 1 individually, therefore, no liability has been accrued.

Further information on estimated liabilities for unpaid claims can be obtained by contacting Matagorda County at 1700 Seventh Street, Room 326, Bay City, TX 77414 or calling 979-244-7611.

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The District's defined benefit OPEB plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits to plan members of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Board of Directors. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - The plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees. Benefits are provided by a self-insured plan through the Texas Association of Counties Health and Employee Benefits Pool for the medical plan under age 65. The Medicare Supplement is underwritten by Hartford Life & Accident Insurance Company. A Medicare supplement is available for Medicare eligible retirees with the District. The retiree is responsible for paying any additional costs for dependent coverage elected.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of December 31, 2023:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	5
·	
	7

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to the Board of Directors the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The District may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The District's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by the Board of Directors during the District budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The District does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The District pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees.

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the total benefit payments made to the plan was \$ 20,000. The total benefit payments made include explicit benefit payments made by the District of \$ 20,000.

Total OPEB Liability - The District's total OPEB liability of \$ 572,724 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by a roll forward as of December 31, 2023.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry-Age

Discount rate 4.31%
Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.50%
Health care trend rates Level 4.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Table with projection MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used on December 31, 2022 valuation were measured from December 31, 2022 valuation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2017, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of a 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 4.31% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "S & P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Rate Index").

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Total OPEB <u>iability</u>
Service cost Interest cost Benefit payments	\$ (17,689 24,078 20,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2022		21,767 550,957
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2023	\$	572,724

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 4.31%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.31%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.31%) than the current rate:

	1% I	% Decrease In			1% Increase In		
				Discount Rate (4.31%)		Discount Rate (5.31%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	657,846	\$	572,724	\$	502,852	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease In		
	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare	
	Cost Trend	Cost Trend	Cost Trend	
	_Rate (3.50%)	Rate (4.50%)	(5.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 496,39	9 \$ 572,724	\$ 666,411	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Income:	Year Ended 12-31-23
Service cost Interest cost Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 17,689 24,078 (44,222) (22,938)
Total OPEB income	\$ <u>(25,393</u>)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption/inputs	\$	2,790 8,402	\$_	141,571 117,711	
Total	\$	11,192	\$_	259,282	

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
December 31,		
2024	\$(81,407)
2025	į (92,599)
2026	į (74,084)
2027	`	
2028		-

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to all the normally expected risks of a public entity of its size and nature. Management is unaware of any unusual or unexpected types of risk. There has been no significant reduction in bond coverage during the year ended December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023 management is unaware of any material liability for unpaid claims or unasserted claims.

NOTE 11. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through April 23, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.







Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

							/ariance with al Budget
		Budget	ed <i>i</i>	<u>Amounts</u>		F	avorable
		Original		Final	Actual	<u>(Ur</u>	<u>ıfavorable)</u>
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	1,803,278	\$	1,803,278		\$(21,049)
Investment income		40,000		40,000	189,752		149,752
Miscellaneous	_		_		<u>124,525</u>		<u>124,525</u>
Total revenues	_	1,843,278	_	1,843,278	2,096,506		253,228
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Personnel		622,391		540,891	524,586		16,305
Professional fees		70,000		130,700	131,284	(584)
Contracted services		528,500		589,500	508,601		80,899
Utilities		8,000		10,500	10,544	(44)
Repairs and maintenance		355,000		447,200	405,160		42,040
Operating costs		74,000		66,000	64,481		1,519
Administrative costs		50,360		58,460	57,483		977
Capital outlay	_	135,027	_	27	113,942	(_	<u>113,915</u>)
Total expenditures	_	1,843,278	_	1,843,278	1,816,081	_	27,197
Change in fund balance	_		_		280,425		280,425
Fund balance - beginning	_	4,091,637	_	4,091,637	4,091,637		
Fund balance - ending	\$_	4,091,637	\$_	4,091,637	\$ <u>4,372,062</u>	\$	280,425

Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios With a Measurement Date of December 31,

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$ 61,762 122,499	\$ 60,919 110,549	\$ 54,568 100,281	\$ 52,214 93,315
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(69,453) (34,597)	•	77,263 1,349 (<u>21,794</u>)	(43,807) (14,521)
Net Change in total pension liability	80,211	161,227	211,667	87,201
Total pension liability - beginning	1,567,043	1,405,816	<u>1,194,149</u>	1,106,948
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ <u>1,647,254</u>	\$ <u>1,567,043</u>	\$ <u>1,405,816</u>	\$ <u>1,194,149</u>
Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment Income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 42,561 25,248 (106,355) (34,597) (995) 6,155	(24,744)	26,024 127,071 (21,794)	25,378 165,606 (14,521)
Net Change in fiduciary net position	(67,983)	361,164	175,688	220,310
Fiduciary net position - beginning	1,765,936	1,404,772	1,229,084	1,008,774
Fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ <u>1,697,953</u>	\$ <u>1,765,936</u>	\$ <u>1,404,772</u>	\$ <u>1,229,084</u>
Net pension liability/(asset), ending = (a)-(b)	\$ <u>(50,699</u>)	\$ <u>(198,893</u>)	\$ <u>1,044</u>	\$ <u>(34,935</u>)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.08%	<u>112.69%</u>	99.93%	102.93%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$360,690	\$ <u>379,011</u>	\$ <u>371,776</u>	\$ <u>362,538</u>
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	(14.06%)	(52.48%)	0.28%	(9.64%)

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 68, they should not be shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$ ((50,027 86,101 - - 32,004) 19,870)	\$ (48,644 77,256 - 3,157) 6,515 22,956)	(48,948 68,383 - - 9,477) 22,956)	٠,	45,026 62,929 8,168) 4,225 17,572) 22,956)		36,319 55,463 - - 21,009 22,956)
	84,254		106,302	-	84,898		63,484	-	89,835
_	1,022,694		916,392		831,494		768,010		678,175
\$	1,106,948	\$	1,022,694	\$	916,392	\$_	831,494	\$	768,010
\$ ((() - \\ \\$ \\ \ \\$ \\ \ \\$ \\ \ \\ \	40,498 23,963 17,784) 19,870) 810) 1,427 27,424 981,350 1,008,774 98,174	(38,196 22,659 120,721 22,956) 653) 501 158,468 822,882 981,350 41,344	٠,	36,730 21,789 54,090 22,956) 599) 8,987) 80,067 742,815 822,882 93,510	Ì	37,850 21,073 4,420) 22,956) 525) 222) 30,800 712,015 742,815 88,679	(34,645 20,126 43,512 22,956) 520) 324 75,131 636,884 712,015
_	91.13%	_	95.96%	_	89.80%	_	89.33%	_	92.71%
\$_	342,333	\$_	323,693	\$	311,268	\$_	301,039	\$	287,507
_	28.68%	_	12.77%		30.04%	_	29.46%	_	19.48%



Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Ten Years Ended December 31,

	Dete	uarially ermined ibution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	F	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	34,645	\$ 34,645	\$	-	\$	287,507	12.1%
2015		36,606	37,850	(1,244)		301,039	12.6%
2016		36,730	36,730		-		311,268	11.8%
2017		37,160	38,196	(1,036)		323,693	11.8%
2018		40,498	40,498		-		342,333	11.8%
2019		42,381	42,780	(399)		362,538	11.8%
2020		41,007	43,870	(2,863)		371,776	11.8%
2021		35,779	44,723	(8,944)		379,011	11.8%
2022		40,397	42,561	(2,164)		360,690	11.8%
2023		39,113	41,542	(2,429)		352,049	11.8%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31,

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Total OPEB Liability		·				<u>. </u>		_
Service cost	\$	17,689	\$	45,277	\$	45,277	\$	32,812
Interest cost		24,078		21,313		21,310		36,042
Experience (gain)/loss		-	(242,693)		-		28,146
Assumption changes		-	(201,787)		-		84,802
Benefit payments	(20,000)	<u>(</u>	62,380)	(70,500)	(65,838)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		21,767	(440,270)	(3,913)		115,964
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		550,957		991,227		995,140		879,176
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	572,724	\$_	550,957	\$	991,227	\$	995,140
Covered Payroll	\$	292,616	\$_	292,616	\$	314,073	\$	314,073
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	_	195.73%	_	188.29%	_	315.60%		316.85%

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB to pay benefits for the OPEB plan.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

	2019	2018
\$	32,812 34,672	\$ 31,520 35,947 -
	67, <u>920</u>)	 66,20 <u>0</u>)
(436)	1,267
	879,612	878,345
\$	879,176	\$ 879,612
\$	323,558	\$ 323,558
	271.72%	271.86%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December

31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are

reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 4.5 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2022 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at

service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the

Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of

the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and

Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions

Schedule of

Employer Contributions*

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2017: New Annuity purchase rates were reflected for benefits earned after

2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

TSI-1 - Services and Rates For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1.	Services Provided by the District	t:				
	Retail Water		Wholesale Water	×	Drainage	
	Retail Wastewater		Wholesale Wastewater		Irrigation	
	Parks/Recreation		Fire Protection		Security	
	Solid Waste/Garbage		Flood Control		Roads	
	Emergency interconnect)		onal system and/or wastewate		ervice (other thai	1
Ш	Other (specify):					-
2.	Location of District:					
	County(ies) in which District is Io	cate	ed. <u>Matagorda</u>			_
	Is the District located entirely wit	hin	one county? YesXN	10_		_
	Is the District located within a cit	y?	Entirely Partly <u>X</u>	_ N	lot at all	_
	City(ies) in which District is locat	ed.	Bay City, Texas			
	Is the District located within a cit Entirely Partly X	•	extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ)? Not at all			
	ETJ's in which District is located		Bay City, Texas			
	Is the general membership of the Yes NoX		pard appointed by an office outside	e the	e District?	
	If Yes, by whom?					

TSI-2 - General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Personnel expenditures (including benefits)	\$ 524,586
Professional Fees: Auditing Actuary Legal Engineering	7,000 2,950 6,500 114,834
Contracted Services: Appraisal district fees Bookkeeping fees Tax assessor/collector Spraying Machine hire	26,626 14,340 8,763 296,966 161,906
Utilities	10,544
Repairs and Maintenance	405,160
Operating Expenditures: Supplies Fuel Rentals	22,664 39,610 2,207
Administrative Costs: Soil conservation fee Advertising Insurance and bonds Seminars, dues and training	2,860 2,372 52,011 240
Capital Outlay	 113,942
Total expenditures	\$ <u>1,816,081</u>

Number of persons employed by the District: 6 Full-Time, 1 Part-Time

TSI-3 - Temporary Investments December 31, 2023

Туре	CUSIP Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	alance at nd of Year	Ir Rec	ccrued nterest eivable at d of Year
Texas Class Government		5.235%	Demand	\$ 152,787	\$	-
Certificate of Deposit	38149MXG3	0.550%	07/29/2024	238,677		576
Certificate of Deposit	05580AB78	0.550%	07/29/2024	238,640		569
FHLB	3130ANNL0	0.400%	02/26/2025	481,060		696
FHLB	3130ANZP8	0.700%	09/29/2026	925,550		1,784
FHLB	3130APCH6	1.125%	09/29/2026	458,800		1,433
Certificate of Deposit	90348JY87	0.100%	12/29/2025	227,411		14
Certificate of Deposit	856528DU5	0.700%	10/01/2024	236,989		146
Certificate of Deposit	07371AR88	2.600%	04/21/2027	 228,355		1,134
Total				\$ 3,188,269	\$	6,352

TSI-4 - Taxes Levied and Receivable For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Total Taxes
Taxes receivable, beginning of year 2023 original tax levy,		\$ 1,635,395
net of current year adjustments Adjustments (prior years)		1,803,235 (11,468)
Total to be accounted for		3,427,162
Tax collections: Current year Prior years		216,958 1,503,186
Total collections		1,720,144
Taxes receivable, end of year		\$1,707,018
Taxes receivable, by years 2023 Prior years Less allowance for uncollectible tax		\$ 1,586,277 120,741 (43,900)
Taxes receivable (net), end of year		\$ <u>1,663,118</u>
	2023 2022 2021	2020
Property Valuations: Land Improvements Non-real property Exemptions/caps/productivity losses	\$ 2,187,679,291 \$ 1,803,293,073 \$ 1,782,312,935 4,579,360,743 3,950,586,378 3,556,318,116 579,640,690 532,368,028 401,727,627 (2,114,742,909) (1,641,575,430) (1,586,357,663)	\$ 1,444,426,630 3,400,528,068 427,906,900 (
Total property valuations	\$ <u>5,231,937,815</u> \$ <u>4,644,672,049</u> \$ <u>4,154,001,015</u>	\$ <u>4,006,568,352</u>
Tax Rates Per \$100 Valuation: Debt service tax rates* Maintenance tax rates Other district tax rates	None None None 0.034470 0.038350 0.041130 None None None	None 0.042010 <u>None</u>
Total tax rates per \$ 100 valuation	<u>0.034470</u> <u>0.038350</u> <u>0.041130</u>	0.042010
Original Tax Levy:	\$ <u>1,803,235</u> \$ <u>1,778,641</u> \$ <u>1,708,550</u>	\$ <u>1,683,029</u>
Percent of taxes collected to taxes Levied**	12.03% 98.64% 99.27%	99.51%

Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 has no debt. Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that year.

TSI-7a - Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund - Five Years For the Five Years Ended December 31,

			AMOUNTS		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues:					
Tax revenue	\$ 1,782,229	. , ,	\$ 1,703,659	\$ 1,576,563	\$ 1,563,837
Investment income (loss)	189,752	(248,051)	16,299	134,834	100,077
Miscellaneous	<u>124,525</u>	71,727	60,485	43,683	24,626
Total revenues	2,096,506	1,557,572	1,780,443	1,755,080	1,688,540
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Personnel	524,586	554,816	551,910	534,686	525,195
Professional fees	131,284	115,379	202,368	28,192	46,835
Contracted services	508,601	555,173	487,349	499,741	520,103
Utilities	10,544	9,142	8,150	7,644	7,744
Repairs and maintenance	405,160	373,254	300,784	380,269	363,125
Operating costs	64,481	88,133	52,636	44,530	47,819
Administrative costs	57,483	48,538	85,481	67,242	66,671
Capital outlay	113,942	119,822		44,054	144,262
Total expenditures	1,816,081	1,864,257	1,688,678	1,606,358	1,721,754
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	\$ <u>280,425</u>	\$ <u>(306,685</u>)	\$ <u>91,765</u>	\$ <u>148,722</u>	\$ <u>(33,214</u>)

PERCENTAGES

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
85.0% 9.1 5.9	111.3% (15.9) 4.6	95.7% 0.9 3.4	89.8% 7.7 2.5	92.6% 5.9 1.5
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25.0 6.3 24.3	35.6 7.4 35.6	31.0 11.4 27.4	30.5 1.6 28.5	31.1 2.8 30.8
0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5
19.3	24.0	16.9	21.7	21.5
3.1	5.7	3.0	2.5	2.8
2.7	3.1	4.8	3.8	3.9
5.4	7.7	0.0	2.5	8.5
86.6	119.7	95.0	91.5	101.9
13.4%	(19.7%)	5.0%	8.5%	(1.9%_)

TSI-8 - Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Complete District Mailing Address: PO Box 834

Bay City, Texas 77404-0834

District Business Telephone Number: (979) 245-6751

Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): February 25, 2009

Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year:

(Set by Board Resolution - TWC Section 49.060): \$6,000

Resident of District
Yes
res
Yes
Yes

^{*}Fees of office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's fiscal year.

TSI-8 - Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Name	Date Hired	Fees & Expenses 12/31/23	Title Year End
Consultants:			
Wade Schultz	2008	\$ 92,134	Manager
Matagorda County TAC	Inception	8,763	Tax Collector
Matagorda County Appraisal District	1982	26,626	Appraisal District
KM&L, LLC	2017	7,000	Auditor
Ellen Dodd	2015	12,120	Bookkeeper
Danny Schindler	1997	6,500	Attorney
Quiddity Engineering,, LLC	2022	114,834	Engineer

